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UNIVERSAL DRUM COVER FOR XEROGRAPHIC DEVICE CARTRIDGES

INVENTOR:

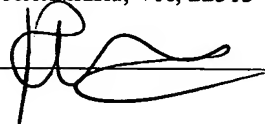
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1 UNIVERSAL DRUM COVER FOR XEROGRAPHIC DEVICE CARTRIDGES

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4 CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

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6 This application is related to United States Provisional Patent Application Serial
7 No. 60/433,476 filed December 13, 2002, and entitled, UNIVERSAL DRUM COVER FOR
8 XEROGRAPHIC DEVICE CARTRIDGES. The Applicant claims the benefit of this prior
9 provisional application under 35 U.S.C. §119(e). The entire content of this provisional
10 application is incorporated herein by this reference.

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13 TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

14 This invention relates to xerographic device cartridges, and, more particularly, to a
15 protective cover for protecting the drum in a xerographic device cartridge while the cartridge is
16 not installed in a xerographic device.

17
18 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

19 Xerography is a printing process in which very fine powder referred to as "toner" is
20 applied to paper or other material to form an image. Photocopiers, printers, plotters, and
21 facsimile machines are examples of devices that may utilize a xerographic printing or imaging
22 process. As used in this disclosure "xerographic device" encompasses any type of device using a
23 xerographic imaging process. All xerographic devices require a supply of toner for use in the
24 xerographic process. Because the toner supply in a xerographic device is used up in the printing
25 process, the toner supply must be replenished periodically.

1 Toner is commonly supplied in a cartridge that includes a toner bin or hopper. The
2 cartridge also commonly includes other components of the xerographic device. For example,
3 toner cartridges commonly include an organic photo conductive (OPC) roller assembly used in
4 the xerographic process. This OPC roller assembly includes a roller referred to as a “drum” and
5 a bearing structure for receiving an axle associated with the drum and supporting the drum for
6 rotation in the cartridge. In the xerographic printing process the drum is exposed to the paper on
7 which the image is to be transferred. Thus, in many types of cartridges the drum is mounted
8 adjacent to a slot or opening in the cartridge with a portion of the drum extending out through the
9 slot in an exposed position.

10 Because the surface of the drum is susceptible to scratches and other damage that
11 diminishes imaging quality, the drum must be covered or otherwise protected during times when
12 the cartridge is not installed in a xerographic device. Some prior xerographic device cartridges
13 have included a shutter mechanism for protecting the xerographic drum in the cartridge while the
14 cartridge is not installed in a printer. The shutter mechanism is configured to automatically
15 retract to expose the drum as the cartridge is installed into a xerographic device. These shutter
16 mechanisms had the advantage that they did not require the consumer to modify the printer
17 cartridge or remove anything prior to installing the cartridge. Shutter mechanisms were,
18 however, expensive to manufacture and were themselves subject to damage that could prevent
19 them from operating properly. Thus, many current xerographic device cartridges eliminate the
20 shutter mechanism and instead use a removable cover to protect the drum. This removable cover
21 must be physically removed by the user before installing the cartridge into the xerographic
22 device.

1 Some xerographic device cartridges that eliminate the shutter mechanism are shipped
2 from the original equipment manufacturer with a hard plastic cover that connects over the
3 bearing structure associated with the drum included in the cartridge. As with any fixed cover,
4 this plastic cover must be removed by the user prior to inserting the cartridge into the xerographic
5 device.

6 Cartridges which are originally supplied with xerographic devices are commonly intended
7 to be disposable after a single use. However, because the cartridges include a large number of
8 relatively complex and expensive components, using these cartridges only a single time is
9 expensive and wasteful. For this reason a cartridge recycling industry has developed to refurbish
10 and recycle used cartridges. Refurbishing a used cartridge involves at least refilling the depleted
11 toner bin with toner, and may include other tasks. Where the cartridge includes an exposed
12 drum, the cartridge recycler must again protect the exposed drum prior to shipping the
13 refurbished cartridge.

14 The requirement of protecting the exposed drum in many newer xerographic cartridges
15 has posed problems for the cartridge recycling industry. The hard plastic covers that attach over
16 the bearing structures for the drum are specific to the particular cartridge. That is, a cover
17 suitable for one cartridge cannot be used with another type of cartridge. This is a problem for a
18 toner cartridge recycler because it requires the recycler to maintain a separate stock of covers
19 (assuming the covers are even available) for each type of printer cartridge the recycler handles.
20 In order to reduce costs, some recyclers have been using flat paper or cardboard covers that are
21 simply taped on over the exposed drum. However, the flat paper or cardboard covers touch the
22 drum surface and this contact may damage the drum. Thus, there is a need particularly in the

1 xerographic device cartridge recycling industry for a better way to cover and protect the exposed
2 drum in a cartridge while the cartridge is in storage or in transit.

4 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention comprises a drum cover or protector that is universal in that it may
6 be used with substantially any xerographic device cartridge designed to be used in a xerographic
7 device adapted to handle standard paper sizes. The universal drum protector may be secured to
8 the cartridge in a protecting position. In this position, the protector covers the drum and blocks
9 objects from coming into contact with the drum surface. The universal drum protector also
10 includes an arrangement that prevents any critical part of the drum surface from coming into
11 contact with the cover itself.

12 A drum protector according to the invention includes an elongated protector member that
13 is slightly wider than the drum slot through which the drum is exposed in a xerographic device.
14 The elongated protector member is also just long enough to extend the length of a xerographic
15 drum used in a device adapted to handle standard paper sizes. The elongated protector member
16 includes a central arched section that extends longitudinally down the center of the protector
17 member. The central arched section is located between two lateral flanges that each extends
18 generally the length of the protector member. An end spacer is located at each longitudinal end
19 of the protector member defining an end of the central arched section. When the protector
20 member is placed in the protecting position, contact between the end spacers and the very ends of
21 the drum or parts adjacent to the ends of the drum and/or contact between the flanges and the
22 material adjacent to the drum slot ensures that the inside surface of the central arched section is

1 spaced slightly apart from the critical parts of the drum surface. Yet in this protecting position
2 the protector member covers the drum to shield the drum from objects that could otherwise come
3 into contact with and damage the drum surface.

4 These and other advantages and features of the invention will be apparent from the
5 following description of the preferred embodiments, considered along with the accompanying
6 drawings.

8 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

9 Figure 1 is a view in perspective of a prior art xerographic device cartridge with which a
10 protector according to the invention may be used.

11 Figure 2 is a view in perspective similar to Figure 1, but with a drum protector
12 embodying the principles of the invention positioned over the drum in a protecting position.

13 Figure 3 is a partial view in section taken along line 3-3 in Figure 2.

14 Figure 4 is an end view of the protector shown in Figure 2.

15 Figure 5 is a side view of the protector shown in Figure 2.

16 Figure 6 is a top view of the protector shown in Figure 2.

18 DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

19 Figure 1 shows a prior art xerographic device cartridge 10 having an exposed drum 11.
20 Drum 11 is exposed through a slot or opening formed in cartridge 10. This slot is defined
21 generally between a first lateral edge 14 and a second lateral edge 15. It will be noted from
22 Figure 1 that a portion of drum 11 extends above the plane defined by lateral slot edges 14 and

1 15. This portion of drum 11 is positioned so that it may easily come into contact with other
2 objects as the cartridge is handled. Drum 11 is supported for rotation on bearing surfaces
3 associated with bearing structures 12, each bearing structure extending slightly from the
4 respective end of cartridge 10. Drive gears shown at reference numeral 16 provide means for
5 transferring rotational force to drum 11. The illustrated drum 11 includes a central section
6 defined between dashed lines 17. This central section extends almost the entire length of drum
7 11 and includes a special surface critical to the xerographic imaging process. However, short end
8 sections 18 may not include the special surface required for xerographic imaging and are not
9 implicated in the xerographic imaging process. Even where the special surface on the drum
10 extends to the very end of the drum, there is generally a short length of the drum at each end that
11 is not used in the xerographic imaging process. The portion of the drum used in the xerographic
12 imaging process, that is the portion between the drum end portion that are not used in the
13 xerographic imaging process will be referred to herein as the drum critical imaging area.

14 It will be noted from Figure 1 that the material adjacent to slot edges 14 and 15 may
15 include irregular features such as ridges, indentations, or projections. In fact, there is great
16 variation among different cartridges in the nature of the surfaces adjacent to the slot edges.
17 There is also a good deal of variation between different cartridges in the components such as
18 gears, bearing structures, and other features at the ends of the drum. However, due to the
19 standard sizes of paper for which the xerographic devices are designed, the length and diameter
20 of the drum in various xerographic device cartridges are fairly consistent. The length of the drum
21 from one end to the other minus any gears or drive structures is generally slightly over ten (10)
22 inches for xerographic devices adapted to handle paper having a nominal width of up to about

1 eight and one-half (8.5). For xerographic devices adapted to handle paper having a nominal
2 width of up to about eleven (11) inches, the drum length minus drive gears and support structures
3 is generally about thirteen (13) inches. The width of the slot defined between the slot through
4 which the drum protrudes will generally be approximately one and three-eighths (1.375) inch.

5 Figures 2 and 3 show a protector generally at reference numeral 20 embodying the
6 principles of the invention positioned on cartridge 10 over drum 11 in a protecting position
7 according to the present invention. The various elements included in the preferred illustrated
8 protector 20 will first be described with reference to Figures 4 through 6. This description of
9 protector 20 will be followed by a description of the operation of the protector with reference to
10 Figures 2 and 3.

11 As shown in Figures 4 through 6, protector 20 comprises an elongated piece of suitable
12 material that will be referred to herein as protector member 21 and having generally a rectangular
13 shape when viewed from above as shown in Figure 6. Protector member 21 includes a central
14 arched section 23 that extends longitudinally almost the entire length of the elongated protector
15 member. Each longitudinal end of protector member 21 includes an end spacer 24. The
16 illustrated end spacers 24 each comprise a short ridge or lip of material extending from an inner
17 surface 25 of arched section 23. Lateral side flanges 26 and 27 extend along the entire length of
18 protector member 21 on both sides of arched section 23. Side flange 26 includes bottom surface
19 28, while side flange 27 includes a bottom surface 29.

20 The illustrated protector member 21 includes longitudinal ridges formed on the upper
21 surface of the protector. These longitudinal ridges 31 help provide longitudinal rigidity to
22 protector member 21. The projecting longitudinal ridges 31 allow protector member 21 to be

1 gripped more easily from the top side. Also, the illustrated protector member 21 includes a text
2 instruction on the top side. The instruction prompts the user to remove protector 20 from a
3 cartridge on which it is mounted prior to inserting the cartridge into a xerographic device. Other
4 features that may be included with a protector 20 embodying the principles on the invention
5 include strips 34 positioned on the bottom flange surfaces 28 and 29. Each strip 34 may include
6 a layer of adhesive, a layer of resilient foam material, referred to herein as a contour forming
7 material, or a layer of resilient contour forming material with adhesive retaining the material on
8 the respective surface 28 or 29, and possibly another adhesive on the side of the material facing
9 away from the respective surface 28 or 29. In any case, each strip 34 may extend along the entire
10 longitudinal length of the respective flange or may be discontinuous along the flange. It will be
11 appreciated that where strip 34 includes an outwardly facing adhesive, a layer of peel-off cover
12 material will be required to protect the adhesive until the protector 20 is to be secured in the
13 desired protecting position on a cartridge such as cartridge 10 in Figures 1 and 2.

14 Protector member 21 is preferably molded from a suitable plastic to form a substantially
15 rigid protective structure. Alternatively, protector 20 may be formed from a rigid cardboard or
16 any other suitable material for accomplishing the protective function according to the present
17 invention. The overall length L of protector 20 will be slightly over 10 inches and preferably
18 approximately 10.18 inches for use with cartridges designed for xerographic devices that handle
19 standard paper sizes up to 8.5 inches in width. The overall width W of protector 20 will be
20 slightly over 1.375 inches (the common width of the slot through which a drum protrudes) and
21 preferably approximately 1.88 inches. The dimension S shown in Figure 4 between the distal
22 end of end spacer 24 and inner surface 25 is preferably approximately one-sixteenth to one-

1 eighth inch. This dimension S will depend upon the rigidity of the material from which protector
2 member 21 is formed. The more rigid the material, the smaller the dimension that will ensure
3 that inner surface 25 does not contact the drum critical imaging area over which the protector 20
4 is secured.

5 Referring now to Figures 2 and 3, protector 20 is adapted to be positioned in a protecting
6 position over drum 11. As best shown in Figure 2, when protector 20 is in this protecting
7 position, substantially the entire surface of drum 11, and especially the drum critical imaging area
8 (shown between lines 17 in Figure 1) is completely covered by protector member 21. As shown
9 in Figure 3, arched section inner surface 25 is spaced apart from the drum surface (by at least
10 dimension S in Figure 4) sufficiently to ensure that the critical surface of drum 11 does not come
11 into contact with the inner surface 25. Distance S is preferably selected to accommodate some
12 flexure in protector member 21 and still prevent any contact between the critical surface of drum
13 11 and surface 25. The desired spacing between arched section inner surface 25 and the outer
14 surface of drum 11 is ensured primarily by the end spacer elements 24 at each longitudinal end of
15 protector member 21. These end spacers 24 are located in position to come into contact with at
16 most the very extreme end surface of drum 11 when protector 20 is in the protecting position,
17 well outside of the drum critical imaging area. When the lowermost surface of end spacers 24
18 come in contact with the very end surface of drum 11, the end spacers function as stops to
19 maintain the desired spacing between the drum critical imaging area and the arched section inner
20 surface 25. Flanges 26 and 27 also help ensure the desired spacing from the surface of drum 11
21 in the critical area. That is, even if the end spacers 24 do not come in contact with the very end
22 sections (18 in Figure 1) of drum 11 such as when the drum is slightly shorter than normal or

1 when the protector member 21 is not centered over the drum, the distance between the flange
2 lower surfaces 28 and 29 and arched section inner surface 25 (H in Figure 4) ensures that inner
3 surface 25 may not come into contact with the critical surface of drum 11. Flanges 26 and 27
4 also prevent protector 20 from sliding about the periphery of drum 11. Such sliding would
5 otherwise be possible due to the fact that end spacers 24 contact the curved surface of drum 11.

6 Protector 20 may be secured in the protecting position shown in Figures 2 and 3 in any
7 suitable fashion. In one preferred form of the invention one or more bonding or securing
8 elements may be used to secure protector 20 in the protecting position. One preferred ~~bonding~~
9 securing element may comprise a strip of adhesive tape secured transversely over protector
10 member 21 so that ends of the tape extend past flanges 26 and 27 so as to adhere to the surface of
11 cartridge 10. Another preferred securing element comprises ~~and~~ an adhesive material strip or
12 foam 34, located on the bottom surfaces 28 and 29 of flanges 26 and 27. A cover strip may be
13 peeled off to expose the adhesive and then the protector member 21 may be pressed onto
14 cartridge 10 in the protecting position. The adhesive holds the protector member 21 in the
15 desired position. The foam or other contour-conforming material that may be included in strip
16 34, whether an outer adhesive is associated with the material or otherwise, has the advantage of
17 conforming to any irregular surfaces that may be located on slot edges 14 and 15 shown in
18 Figures 1 and 2.

19 Rubber bands or similar resilient elements (not shown) may also be used to secure
20 protector 20 in the protecting position shown in Figures 2 and 3. To facilitate the use of such
21 resilient elements to secure protector 20, preferred forms of the device include resilient element
22 receiving features at either longitudinal end of member 21 to help retain the resilient elements in

1 position on the protector. For example, the illustrated protector 20 includes resilient element
2 receiving features 36 shown best in Figure 6. These features 36 provide a convenient location to
3 loop both ends of a rubber band or similar resilient element. With the appropriately sized
4 resilient element retained on features 36 at both lateral sides of protector 20, the resilient element
5 may be stretched over a feature on the cartridge such as bearing structure 12 shown in Figure 1.
6 Resilient elements fastened in this way at both ends of protector 20 hold the protector snugly in
7 the protecting position on the cartridge.

8 The above described preferred embodiments are intended to illustrate the principles of the
9 invention, but not to limit the scope of the invention. Various other embodiments and
10 modifications to these preferred embodiments may be made by those skilled in the art without
11 departing from the scope of the invention. In particular, although the preferred protector 20
12 includes both spacing features, end spacers 24 and flanges 26 and 27, some preferred forms of
13 the protector according to the invention may have one or the other feature but not both. The
14 invention encompasses a protector with either one of the spacing features alone or both spacing
15 features together as shown in the illustrated embodiment.